Name:	Grading	Week Beginning:
BRES 3 <sup>rd</sup> Grade	Quarter: 2	November 4, 2024
		WEEK 4
School Year:	Subject: ELA	
2024-2025		

	Notes:	OBJECTIVE:	Academic Standards:
	NOLES.	Foundational Skills:	RF.3.3cL.3.1aL.3.1iL.3.2eL.3.2f
		read words with /ī/	L.3.5bRI.3.10RI.3.3RI.3.1SL.3.1aSL.3.1bSL.3.1cSL.3.1dRI.3.4L.3.4aL.3.6RF.3.4aRF.3.4
Monday	Unit 2 Lesson 2 Day 1	<ul> <li>spelled _igh, _ie, and _y.</li> <li>spell dictated words with /ī/ correctly.</li> <li>build oral language skills.</li> <li>Reading Skills:</li> </ul>	<u>W.3.4L.3.2f</u>
		<ul> <li>learn and apply the comprehension strategies Asking and Answering Questions and Clarifying.</li> <li>read the entire selection.</li> <li>learn new vocabulary words.</li> <li>focus on reading with accuracy.</li> </ul> Language Arts Skills: <ul> <li>produce a final copy of the informative/explanatory text for publishing.</li> <li>evaluate the informative/explanatory text according to writer's goals.</li> <li>learn about /ī/ spelling patterns, irregular verbs, and abstract nouns.</li> </ul>	
		LESSON OVERVIEW: Foundational Skill: REVIEW /ī/ spelled _igh, _ie, and _y. Reading Skills: MODEL the use of the following comprehension strategies during the first read of "Seasons of Change." • Asking and Answering Questions • Clarifying Remind students to ask questions about explanations, descriptions, facts, unfamiliar words and concepts, and text features as they read. They should then seek answers to their questions by rereading or	

	reading further in the text	
	for more details or evidence,	
	making inferences, or even	
	doing research in another	
	text. Explain that asking and	
	answering questions will	
	help students monitor their	
	understanding of the text.	
	Remind students that when	
	readers clarify, they first	
	recognize something in the	
	text that is confusing or that	
	they do not fully understand.	
	Then they try to find clues in	
	the text, do research outside	
	the text, or read further with	
	the intention of increasing	
	their understanding.	
	Clarifying may occur at the	
	word, the sentence, the	
	paragraph, or the whole-text	
	level.	
	Language Arts:	
	<b>REMIND</b> students that the	
	final step of the writing	
	process is publishing. Tell	
	them this is when they will	
	produce a final copy of their	
	writing and present it to	
	others. Tell them that	
	reading their writing aloud is	
	one way to publish it.	
	Model rewriting the revised	
	and edited	
	informative/explanatory	
	piece to create a clean copy.	
	Have students follow your	
	model and create their own	
	neatly written copies.	

	Notes:		IECTIVE:	Academic Standards:
		Fou	indational Skills:	L.3.1dL.3.1iRL.3.1RF.3.4aRF.3.4bRF.3.4c
	Unit 2		build oral language	
	Lesson		skills.	
	2		• practice spelling words	
	Day 2		with /ī/ spelled _ <i>igh,</i>	RF.3.4aRF.3.4bL.3.6
			_ <i>ie,</i> and _ <i>y</i> .	
			<ul> <li>learn new high-</li> </ul>	
			frequency words.	
			• read a <i>Decodable Story</i> .	<u>SL.3.1d</u>
			build fluency.	
		Rea	iding Skills:	
			• reread "Seasons of	
			Change" while digging	
			deeper into the text.	
			• focus on reading with	
			proper intonation.	
			<ul> <li>review the selection</li> </ul>	
			vocabulary words.	
		Lan	guage Arts Skills:	
			• review the benefits of	
			using a graphic	
			organizer to plan	
			writing.	
			• work with a partner to	
			generate ideas for an	
			informative/explanatory	
			text.	
Je			develop handwriting	
bs			skills by practicing	
Tuesday			formation of cursive	
			letters <i>n</i> and <i>m</i> .	
		LES	SON OVERVIEW:	
		Fou	Indational Skill:	
		OR	GANIZE students into	
		gro	ups and have them	
		-	ate lists of compound	
		wor		
			ding Skills:	
			-	
			ORM students that the	
			ond read of "Seasons of	
			inge" will involve taking a	
		clos	ser look at the text to	
		help	o analyze its complexity.	
		Bef	ore you begin the second	
			d of "Seasons of Change,"	
			ch the following aspects	
			÷ .	
			ext complexity.	
			<b>MIND</b> students that when	
		the	y compare, they identify	
		the	y compare, they identify ilarities between two or	
		the sim		
		the sim mo	ilarities between two or re things within a text or	
		the sim mor acro	ilarities between two or re things within a text or oss texts. When they	
		the sim more acre con	ilarities between two or re things within a text or oss texts. When they trast, they identify	
		the sim more acre con	ilarities between two or re things within a text or oss texts. When they	

looking for similarities and	
differences in a text will help	
students better understand	
the information and	
concepts presented.	
Language Arts:	
<b>EXPLAIN</b> to students that	
they will work with a partner	
to create a plan for their	
next	
informative/explanatory	
text. Remind them that the	
main purpose when writing	
to inform is to provide facts	
and information about a	
topic. It is not to share their	
opinions about the topic.	
next informative/explanatory text. Remind them that the main purpose when writing to inform is to provide facts and information about a topic. It is not to share their	

	Notes:	ORIECTIVE	Academic Standards:
	notes:	OBJECTIVE: Foundational Skills:	RF.3.3cRF.3.3dL.3.1cL.3.1dL.3.1i
		understand irregular	<u>RI.3.7RL.3.5RF.3.4aRF.3.4bRI.3.1RI.3.3RI.3.5RI.3.9RI.3.4L.3.4aL.3.5bRF.3.4c</u>
		<ul> <li>understand fregular verbs and abstract</li> </ul>	W.3.7W.3.8L.3.1b
	Linit 2	nouns.	<u></u>
	Unit 2 Lesson	• build oral language	
	2	skills.	
		Reading Skills:	
	Day 3	• finish reading "Seasons	
		of Change."	
		read and analyze	
		<ul><li>poetry.</li><li>review the selection</li></ul>	
		vocabulary words.	
		<ul> <li>focus on reading with</li> </ul>	
		automaticity	
		Language Arts Skills:	
		• use sources and an idea	
		web to gather and	
		organize facts.	
		• learn about regular and irregular plural nouns.	
		<ul> <li>review spelling words.</li> </ul>	
		i i chen spennig words.	
		LESSON OVERVIEW:	
		Foundational Skill:	
5		<b>REVIEW</b> with students that	
		most verbs follow a regular	
, d		pattern when changing	
		tense that involves adding -	
Mednecdav		ed	
		Reading Skills:	
		HAVE students reread pages	
		188–189 to compare and	
		contrast winter in Colorado	
		with winter in Kenya.	
		Language Arts:	
		<b>USE</b> Routine 16, the <u>Graphic</u>	
		Organizer Routine, to review	
		how to use an idea web.	
		Display a blank idea web,	
		and remind students that	
		they used an idea web in the	
		previous unit to help them	
		gather reasons to support	
		their opinions. Explain that	
		an idea web can be used in a	
		similar way to organize facts	
		and explanations when	
		writing to inform.	
		Model completing an idea	
		web using an animal chosen	
		for your	
		informative/explanatory	

Wednesday

text. Use a classroom source
to locate facts about the
animal, and record them in
the web. Narrate your
thoughts as you take notes
using the web.
The following text can serve
as an example of teacher
modeling, but modify the
example to fit your
classroom situation and
personal style of teaching as
necessary.

	Natas		A se densis Chen dender
	Notes:	OBJECTIVE:	Academic Standards:
		Foundational Skills:	L.3.1cL.3.1dL.3.4d
		build their oral language	
	Unit 2	skills.	RI.3.5RI.3.7RI.3.6RI.3.2RL.3.5RF.3.4aRF.3.4bL.3.6
	Lesson	Reading Skills:	
	2	<ul> <li>read excerpts from "Seasons of Change" to</li> </ul>	
	Day 4	focus on writer's craft.	<u>W.3.2bL.3.1i</u>
		<ul> <li>answer questions to</li> </ul>	
		better understand the	
		selection.	
		• build on the vocabulary	
		they have learned this	
		week.	
		• build fluency by reading	
		with expression	
		read the science	
		connection.	
		Language Arts Skills:	
		<ul> <li>learn about cause-and- effect relationships.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>review their idea webs</li> </ul>	
		to choose the three	
		best supporting facts.	
		• use a TREE diagram to	
		plan their	
		informative/explanatory	
Τ		texts.	
ur		review regular and	
Thursday		irregular plural nouns.	
ΎΕ		LESSON OVERVIEW:	
		Foundational Skill:	
		GIVE students the present	
		tense of any of the words in	
		Lines 1 and 2 and ask them	
		to describe how the word is	
		changed to form the past	
		tense.	
		Reading Skills:	
		TELL students that, rather	
		than rereading the entire	
		-	
		selection a third time, they	
		will look at specific parts of	
		the selection. Explain that	
		they will read with a writer's	
		eye. This means they will	
		look at the text closely to	
		see what makes it a well-	
		written piece.	
		Language Arts:	
		Explain to students that each	
		element of their text—	
		introduction, three different	
		facts and explanations, and	
		conclusion—will be its own	
			•

Friday	NO SCHOOL PD DAY	LESSON OVERVIEW:	
			Academic Standards:
	Notes:	plural noun names more than one person, place, or thing. Review the rules for forming plurals: -s is added to most singular nouns to form the plural; -es is added to most nouns ending in s, x, z, ss, ch, and sh; when a noun ends in a consonant and the letter y, the y is changed to i and then -es is added; when a noun ends in the letter f, the f is changed to v and then -es is added; and irregular plurals do not follow these rules.	Academic Standards:
		paragraph, so their texts will consist of five paragraphs total.	